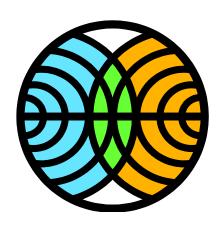


Towards better tailored weather and marine forecasts in the Arctic to serve sustainable economic activities and infrastructure (TWASE)



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Introduction

- In the Arctic, economic activities, such as navigation, aviation, fisheries, energy production, manufacturing, and tourism, are extremely sensitive to weather.
- All these activities require accurate weather forecasts and accompanying marine forecasts, as well as long-term climate change projections to infer the future range of weather variability.

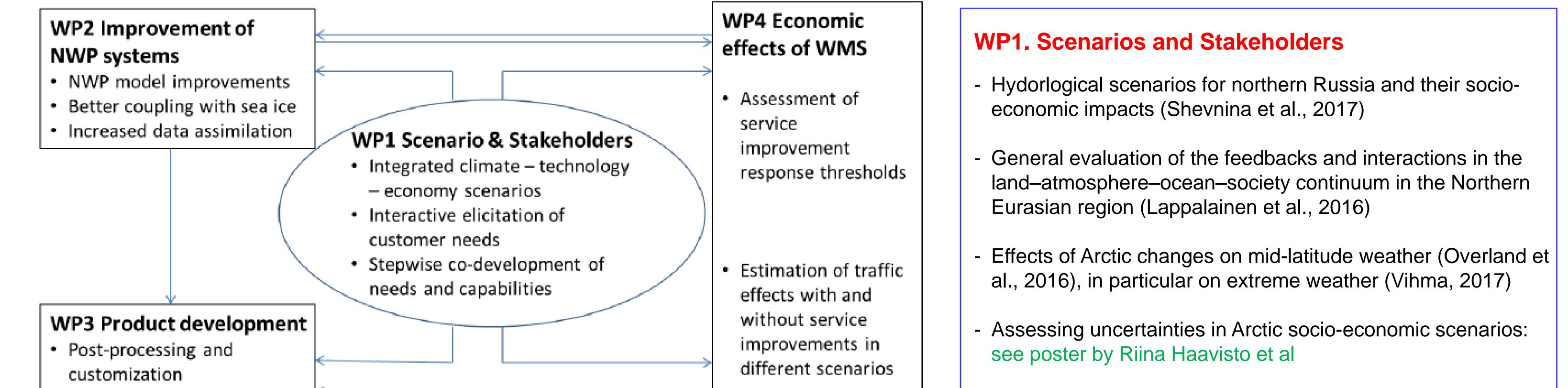
Objectives

- 1. Identify, classify, prioritise and conceptualise the needs of stakeholders based on an understanding of how the climatic, institutional and economic context will develop in the Arctic.
- Improve the predictability of weather, marine and sea ice conditions in the Arctic

The quality of Weather and Marine Services (WMS) in the Arctic evolves in conjunction with the unfolding of needs for such services. These need to be evaluated together with the service users.

Work Packages

- Improve preparedness for impacts of climate change by exploring likely shifts in weather and marine conditions in conjunction with the expanding range of aviation, maritime transport, infrastructure networks, and wind power production.
- 4. Evaluate and optimize the benefits of the new WMS products to enhance the development of sustainable economy and infra-structure in the Arctic.



Testing with stakeholders

WP2. Improvement of NWP systems

Work towards improved observations
remote sensing of air moisture (Boisvert et al., 2015)

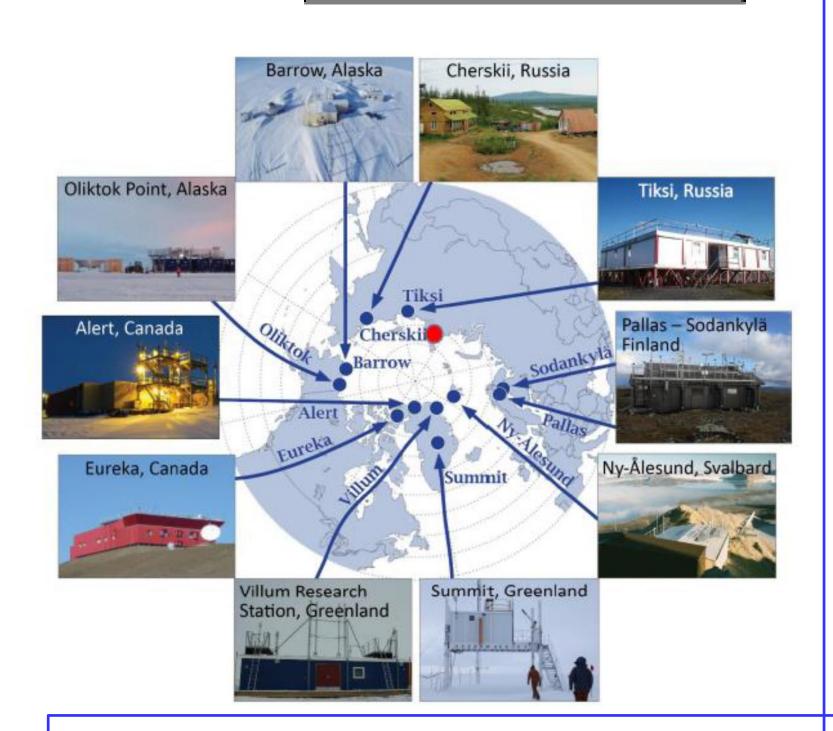
- better utilization of circumpolar IASOA observations in model validation and improvement (Vihma et al., 2016; Uttal et al., 2016)

- Satellite and radiosonde data assimilation
 - IASI temp. and humidity profiles over sea ice
 - Evaluation of the benefit from additional radiosonde soundings from the central Arctic

- sea ice analyses based on combined use of satellite remote sensing data and thermodynamic modelling for the Bohai Sea (Karvonen et al., 2017) and Kara Sea

Improvement of models

- snow and sea ice thermodynamics



WP3 Product development

- Wind gust parameterizations
 - Gust observations from research aircraft and testing of parameterizations (Suomi et al., 2016)
 - Lidar-based gust observations (Suomi et al., 2017)

• Propabilities for hydrological extremes: see poster by Elena

- Arctic Freshwater Synthesis: review on future scenarions of precipitation, evaporation, and moisture transport in the circumporal Arctic, including estimation on the impacts of the expected changes (Vihma et al., 2016; Prowse et al., 2015)

Scenarios for

changes in the

component of the

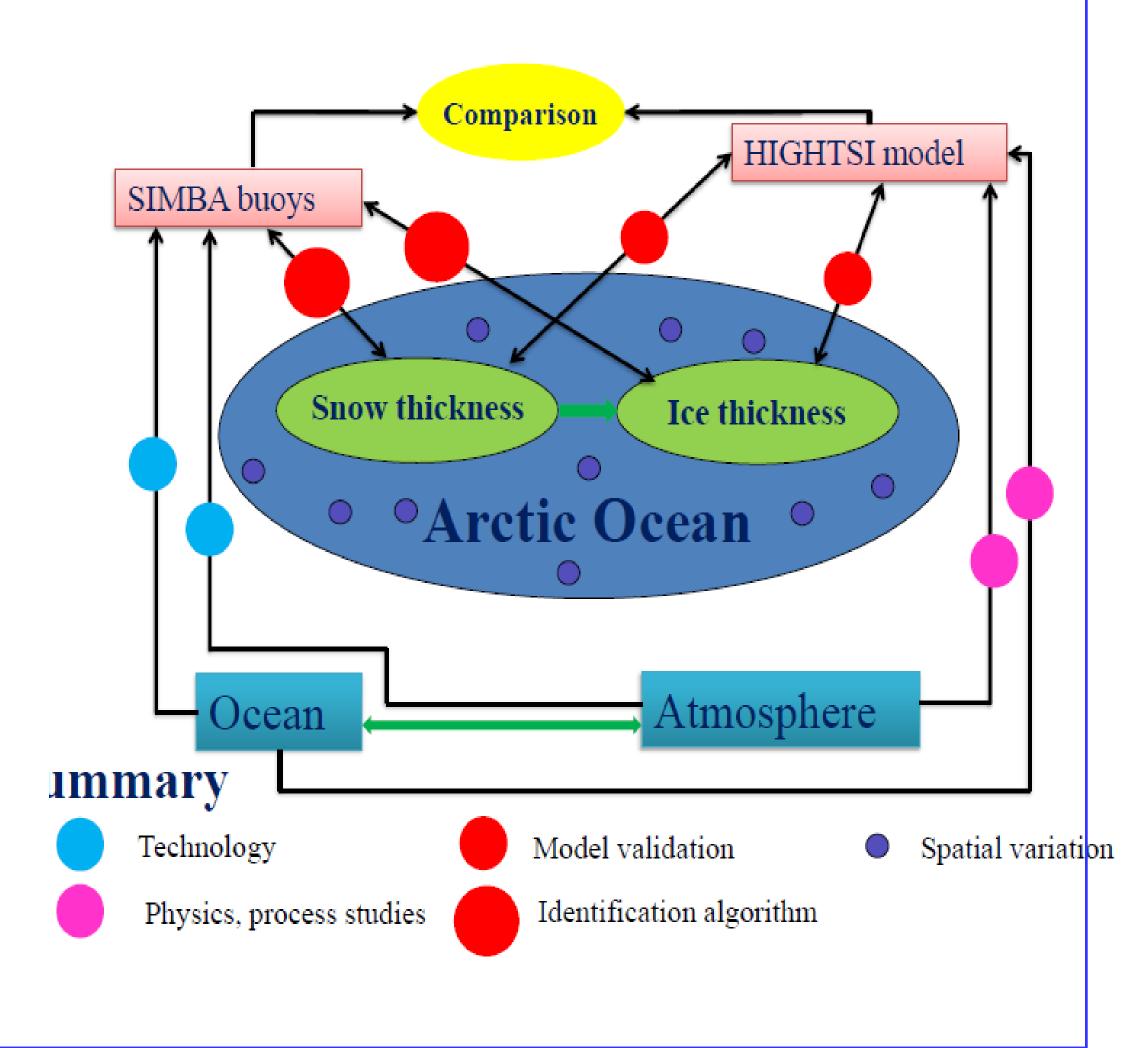
Arctic freshwater

impacts on the other

atmospheric

cycle, and its

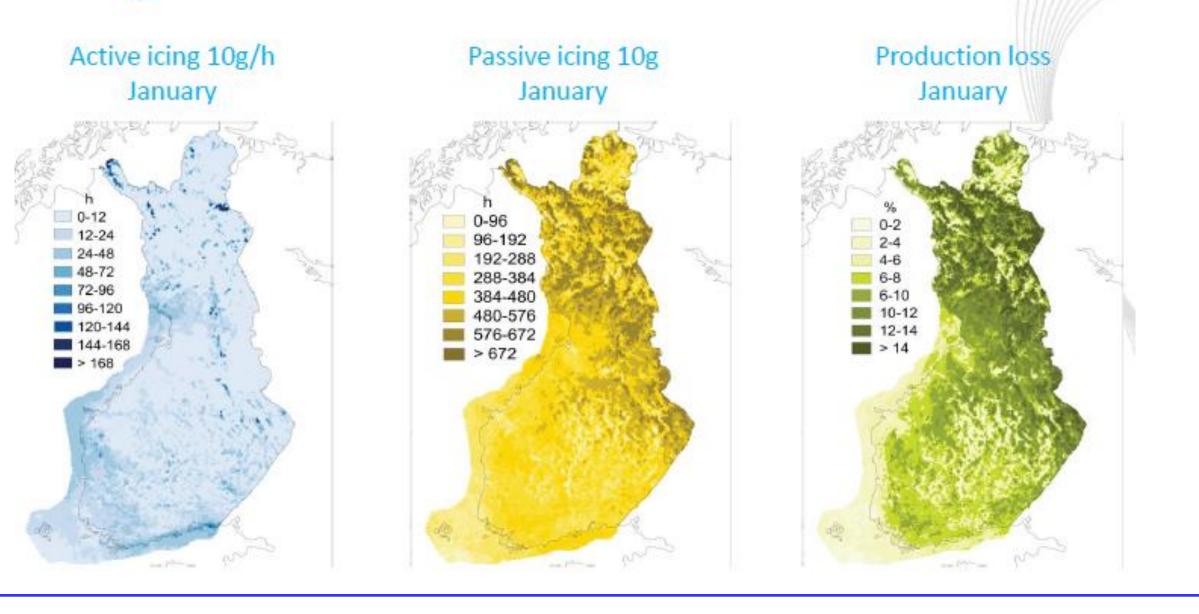
components



Shevnina et al.

- Wind turbine icing (Karoliina's presentation)
 - Icing Atlas for wind mills (Hämäläinen and Niemelä, 2016)
 - Pre-operational icing forecasts

Icing atlas for wind turbines



WP4 Economic effects of WMS

see poster by Riina Haavisto et al.

Atmosphere

Under work:

Arctic shipping and Northern Sea Route development perspectives