

Synthetic biology and ethics (SYNBIOETHICS)

Matti Häyry

Professor of Philosophy, Aalto University School of Business

matti.hayry@aalto.fi

Tuija Takala

Academy Research Fellow, Academy of Finland and University of Helsinki tuija.takala@helsinki.fi

Our credentials

Academy of Finland

- Genetics, 1997–2000
- Life 2000, 2000–2003
- Systems biology, 2004–2007
- Neuroscience 2008–2011

Europe

- BIOMED 1, BIOTECH, BIOMED 2
- Framework Programmes

United Kingdom

Wellcome Trust, 2009–2014

So far

- Literature reviews of the ethical issues
- Figuring out what synthetic biology is
- Informal interviews with team representatives
- Figuring out what the FinSynBio teams do
- Coming up with an ethical framework

Ethical checklist

- Is it useful?
- Is it dangerous?
- What is the cost?
- Who pays, who benefits?
- Is it somehow morally wrong?

Is it useful?

- Does it contribute to scientific knowledge?
- Can it be expected to promote human well-being?
- Or animal well-being?
- Or ecological sustainability?

Is it dangerous?

- Is someone or something hurt in the laboratory?
- Are somebody's rights (perhaps intellectual property rights) violated?
- Can something dangerous accidentally escape from the laboratory? (A GMO?)
- Can someone release something dangerous intentionally (if they so wanted)?
- Will the knowledge itself be dangerous in the wrong hands? (Internet anthrax.)
- Is it the scientists' fault?

What is the cost?

- How much does it cost?
- Could the resources have been used more profitably in other areas of science?
- Is that for us to say?
- Or elsewhere? (Digging wells in Africa.)
- Is this a fair comparison?

Who pays, who benefits?

- Is there a discrepancy between net payers and net beneficiaries?
- Are certain (perhaps vulnerable) groups of people studied to benefit only or mainly other (not so vulnerable) groups of people?
- If so, is it wrong? Or right?
- Are certain groups of people (say, tax payers) asked to finance work that will benefit mostly others (say, multinational corporations and their stockholders)?

Is it somehow morally wrong?

- Does it treat humanity or life as dispensable? (Like HESCR, allegedly.)
- Does it cross a boundary that should not be crossed?

(Is life created? Is the natural history of evolution disrupted?)

Is it playing god?

(Omnipotence and omniscience vs. precaution.)

• Is it unnatural?

(Does it threaten people's beliefs – like IVF, for a while?)

Quick questions

0. What is your primary field of study?

1. How much will your current research contribute to scientific knowledge?

2. How much will your current research promote *the good of humanity*?

3. In *the best possible world*, how useful would your current research be?

4. How dangerous is your research to you and others *in the laboratory or clinic*?

5. How dangerous are the *intended* applications of your research *to others*?

6. How dangerous are the *unintended* applications of your research to others?

7. How ethical is your research?

8. Is there an ethical question in your work that you would like *us* to consider?

Thank you!

Please return the questionnaire to Tuija or Matti.

Our work from now on

- Keeping contact with you.
 - Taking a look at your answers.
 - Perhaps having another round of chats.
- Trying to find the philosophically juiciest topics in synthetic biology.
 - Venter disappointment.
 - But something like that.

